

## CLAT Legal Reasoning Practice Set – 1

**Q1.Principle:** Whoever voluntarily causes harm to another is liable, unless done in self-defense.

*Facts:* Amit hits Rohit with a stick after Rohit slaps him.

- (a) Amit is liable.
- (b) Amit is not liable, as he acted in self-defense.
- (c) Rohit is liable.
- (d) Both are equally liable.

**Q2.Principle:** A contract without consideration is void.

*Facts:* Ramesh promises to gift ₹50,000 to his friend Suresh without any return.

- (a) Valid contract.
- (b) Void contract.
- (c) Valid because promise is written.
- (d) Valid because both agreed.

**Q3.Principle:** Right to life includes right to live with dignity.

*Facts:* A prisoner is denied proper medical treatment.

- (a) His right is violated.
- (b) No violation since he is a prisoner.
- (c) Only jail rules apply.
- (d) Depends on state permission.

**Q4.Principle:** Theft is taking another's property dishonestly without consent.

*Facts:* Ravi borrows his friend's bike with permission but returns it late.

- (a) Theft.
- (b) Not theft.
- (c) Misappropriation.
- (d) Criminal breach of trust.

**Q5.Principle:** Freedom of press is subject to public morality.

*Facts:* A newspaper publishes obscene pictures.

- (a) Protected as free speech.
- (b) Not protected, violates morality.
- (c) Protected if people like it.
- (d) Valid if sold privately.

**Q6.Assertion (A):** All laws must be consistent with the Constitution.

**Reason (R):** The Constitution is supreme in India.

- (a) Both A & R true, R explains A.
- (b) Both A & R true, R does not explain A.
- (c) A true, R false.
- (d) A false, R true.

**Q7.Principle:** A minor cannot be held liable for breach of contract.

*Facts:* A 16-year-old orders a laptop online and refuses to pay.

- (a) He must pay.
- (b) He cannot be forced.
- (c) Parents are liable.
- (d) Seller can sue.

**Q8.Principle:** Consent obtained by fraud is not valid.

*Facts:* A car dealer sells a repaired accident car as new. Buyer sues.

- (a) No fraud, buyer agreed.
- (b) Fraud, consent invalid.
- (c) Valid contract.
- (d) Buyer cannot sue.

**Q9.Principle:** No one shall be punished twice for the same offence.

*Facts:* A thief is fined and later jailed for same act.

- (a) Valid punishment.
- (b) Violates principle.
- (c) Valid if law allows.
- (d) Depends on court.

**Q10.Principle:** Defamation is publication of false statement harming reputation.

*Facts:* A student accuses teacher of corruption in diary, not shown to anyone.

- (a) Defamation.
- (b) Not defamation.
- (c) Criminal intimidation.
- (d) Insult.